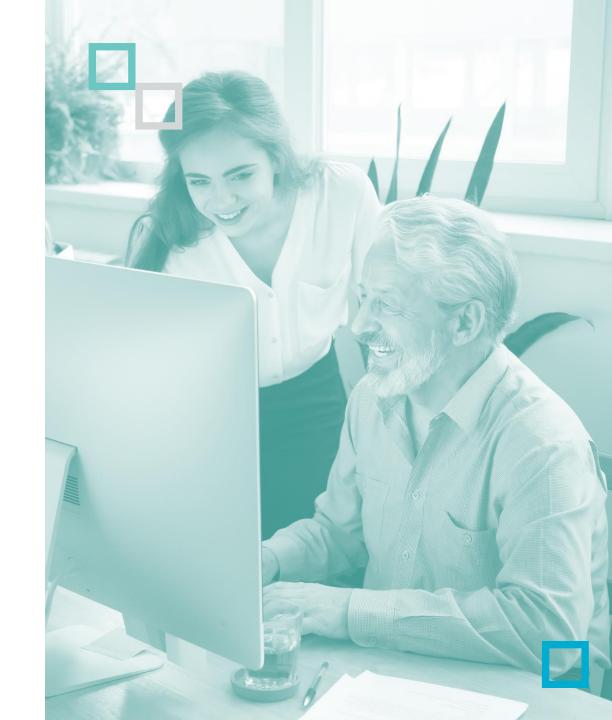




- → Medicare is a federal health insurance program administered by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS).
- → CMS is an agency within the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).
- → The Social Security Offices process applications for Medicare and can also provide general information on the program.

#### **Enrollment Periods**

- Initial Enrollment Period (IEP) begins three (3) months prior to the month of turning age 65 and continues through the end of the third month after
- General Enrollment Period (GEP) allows individuals who did not enroll in Part B during the IEP to enroll between January 1 and March 31 of each year for a July 1 effective date
- Special Enrollment Period (SEP) allows enrollment for individuals who delayed enrolling in Part B because they were receiving benefits through an employer as an active employee (or dependent of someone who is); SEP runs eight months from the time of retirement or loss of coverage





## **Part B - Enrollment Periods:**

#### Example:

■ Betty turns 65 on June 21, 2020. She will have group health coverage from her employer until she stops working on December 31, 2020.



■ Betty's Part B enrollment opportunities:

Enrollment Period	Begins	Ends
Initial Enrollment Period (IEP)	3/1/20	9/30/20
Special Election Period (SEP)	1/1/21	8/31/21
General Election Period (GEP) (each year)	1/1	3/31



## **Part B - Monthly Premium**

If your yearly income in 2018 was		You pay (in 2020)	
File individual tax return	File joint tax return	File married & separate tax return	
\$87,000 or less	\$174,000 or less	\$87,000 or less	\$144.60
above \$87,000 up to \$109,000	above \$174,000 up to \$218,000	not applicable	\$202.40
above \$109,000 up to \$136,000	above \$218,000 up to \$272,000	not applicable	\$289.20
above \$136,000 up to \$163,000	above \$272,000 up to \$326,000	not applicable	\$376.20
above \$163,000 and less than \$500,000	above \$326,000 and less than \$750,000	above \$87,000 and less than \$413,000	\$462.70
\$500,000 or above	\$750,000 and above	\$413,000 and above	\$491.60



## Part D - Premium

If your yearly income in 2018 was		You pay (in 2020)	
File individual tax return	File joint tax return	File married & separate tax return	
\$87,000 or less	\$174,000 or less	\$87,000 or less	Your plan premium
above \$87,000	above \$174,000	not applicable	\$12.20 + your
up to \$109,000	up to \$218,000		plan premium
above \$109,000	above \$218,000	not applicable	\$31.50 + your
up to \$136,000	up to \$272,000		plan premium
above \$136,000	above \$272,000	not applicable	\$50.70 + your
up to \$163,000	up to \$326,000		plan premium
above \$163,000 and less than \$500,000	above \$326,000 and less than \$750,000	above \$87,000 and less than \$413,000	\$70.00 + your plan premium
\$500,000 or	\$750,000 and	\$413,000 and above	\$76.40 + your
above	above		plan premium







## **Part A - Hospital Coverage**

- No premiums are required for Part A coverage if the eligibility requirements below have been met:
  - → An individual or his/her spouse has worked at least 10 years in Medicarecovered employment (paid Medicare taxes)
  - → Aged 65 years or older
  - → A U.S. citizen or permanent resident
- → The federal government funds Part A costs through Social Security payroll tax deductions



Note: In 2020, the Part A monthly premium is \$229 for a person who has worked 30-39 quarters or \$458 for a person who has worked less than 30 quarters of Medicare covered employment.



#### Part A - Benefits:

## Hospitalization; semi-private room and board; general nursing; miscellaneous services and supplies

Services	Medicare Pays
First 60 days	All but \$1,408 benefit period*
Days 61-90	All but \$352 per day
After 90 days, using 60 "lifetime reserve days"	All but \$704 per day
After lifetime reserve days are exhausted	\$0

<sup>\*</sup>Benefit Period: Begins on the first day inpatient services are rendered and ends after no hospital or skilled care was received for 60 days after discharge from the hospital.



## Part A - Benefits:

## Skilled Nursing Facility Care; after hospitalization for at least three days, in a Medicare-approved facility

Services	Begins
First 20 days	All approved amounts
Days 21-100	All but \$176 per day
After 100 days	\$0





#### **Medical Insurance**

Outpatient physician services, lab, radiology (x-ray), durable medical equipment (DME), dialysis, some preventative care.

\$144.60 to \$491.60 monthly depending on income (enrollment is optional)

- Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amounts (IRMAA) – some individuals will pay a higher Part B premium based on their modified adjusted gross income filed in 2018.
- Premiums is usually deducted from a social security, railroad retirement or civil service retirement check.



# Physician services in or out of the hospital, supplies, physical/speech therapy, diagnostic tests, durable medical equipment.

Services	Medicare Pays
First \$198 of Medicare – approved amounts (Part B Deductible)	\$0
Remainder of Medicare-approved amount	80%
Part B Excess Charges*	\$0

<sup>\*</sup> Excess Charges: Original Medicare does not cover these excess charges. Physicians who do no accept Medicare assignment can charge an additional 15% of Medicare-approved amounts. Excess charges or physician limiting charges are the Medicare beneficiary's responsibility (in the states where these charges apply).

#### **Medicare Assignment:**

- Providers who accept "Medicare Assignment," agree to:
  - → Receive payment from Medicare for covered services; and
  - → Accept Medicare rates for covered services
- Those providers that do NOT accept Medicare assignment but still accept Medicare can bill the beneficiary for "excess charges," or up to 15% of the Medicare allowed amount
- → Medicare requires that the "limiting charge" is 15% (may be lower in some states)





#### **Part B also covers preventive services:**

One-time "Welcome to Medicare" physical exam	Glaucoma tests
Physical Exam - (Yearly "Wellness exam")	Hepatitis B shots
Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening*	HIV screening
Bone mass measurement	Mammograms (screening)
Cardiovascular disease screenings	Pap test / pelvic exam / clinical breast exam
Colorectal cancer screenings	Prostate cancer screening
Diabetes screenings	Pneumococcal Shots
EKG screening*	Smoking cessation
Flu shots	

<sup>\*</sup> Excess Charges: Original Medicare does not cover these excess charges. Physicians who do no accept Medicare assignment can charge an additional 15% of Medicare-approved amounts. Excess charges or physician limiting charges are the Medicare beneficiary's responsibility (in the states where these charges apply).





## **Medicare Parts A and B: Covered Services**



## Plan A

- Inpatient hospital care
- Care in critical access hospitals
- → Skilled nursing care
- Hospice care
- → Home health care



- Physician services
- Outpatient hospital care
- Physical therapy
- Ambulance
- Durable medical equipment
- Prosthetics
- Part B covered drugs

## Medicare Parts A and B do NOT cover:

- → Part A & B coinsurance and deductibles
- Routine hearing exams, screenings and hearing aids
- Routine eye exams, eyewear and contacts not associated with cataract surgery
- Custodial care (unskilled) in a nursing home
- Cosmetic surgery
- Most outpatient prescription drugs
- Most dental care
- Most healthcare while traveling outside the United States



## **Signing up for Medicare**

#### **Collecting Social Security**

Enrollment is automatic. Beneficiaries will receive an initial Enrollment Package during their IEP

The Initial Enrollment Period (IEP) is 3 months before their 65th birthday, continues through your birth month and lasts for 3 months after, or the 25th month of disability benefits.

#### **Not Collecting Social Security**

Apply 3 months before you turn 65 (don't have to be retired)

Call Social Security 1-800-772-1213

Visit local Social Security office <a href="https://secure.ssa.gov/ICON/ma">https://secure.ssa.gov/ICON/ma</a>

Enroll online <a href="https://www.ssa.gov/forms/apply-for-benefits.html">www.ssa.gov/forms/apply-for-benefits.html</a>





## Medicare Advantage Eligibility Requirements:

- Entitled to Part A and enrolled in Part B
- → Resides in the MA plan's service area
- → Does not have End Stage Renal Disease (unless individual is an existing commercial plan member)\*
- Enrolls during required time frames



<sup>\*</sup>Individuals who develop ESRD while enrolled in a health plan (e.g., a commercial or group health plan, or a Medicaid plan) offered by the MA organization, are eligible to enroll during ICEP in an MA plan offered by that organization.



## **Part C - Medicare Advantage:**

- → The Medicare Advantage (MA) Program combines coverage for Parts A & B benefits and is administered by private health plans.
- Private health plans contract with CMS to administer benefits on behalf of CMS.
- Medicare pays a fixed amount for the beneficiary's care every month to the companies offering MA plans.





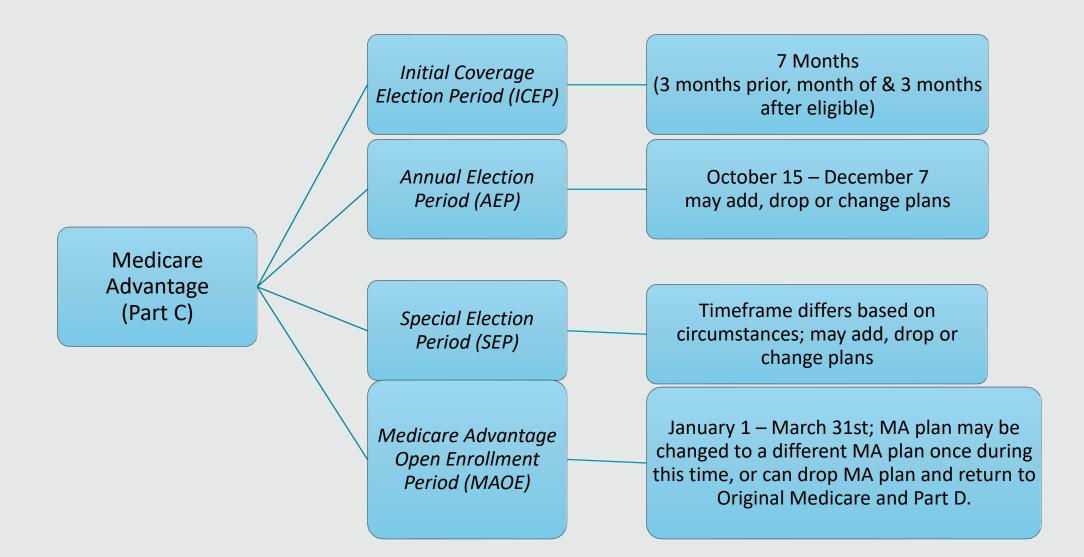
## **Part C - Medicare Advantage:**

- → MA plans structure original Medicare benefits to function like an HMO or PPO.
- MA plans are required to offer at least one option with integrated prescription drug benefits.
- → At a minimum, plans must cover all services covered under Medicare, but can also provide extra benefits not covered by traditional Medicare:
  - Routine vision and hearing exams
  - Fitness benefits
  - Dental benefits





## **Part C - Medicare Advantage:**





#### **Prescription Drug Plan (PDP)**

**Prescription Drugs** 

Dependent upon the plan that you enroll in and is carrier specific.

- Plans are administered by private companies
- Unlike Part A and B, you sign up for Part D directly with the private health plan.



#### **Medicare Part D is optional**

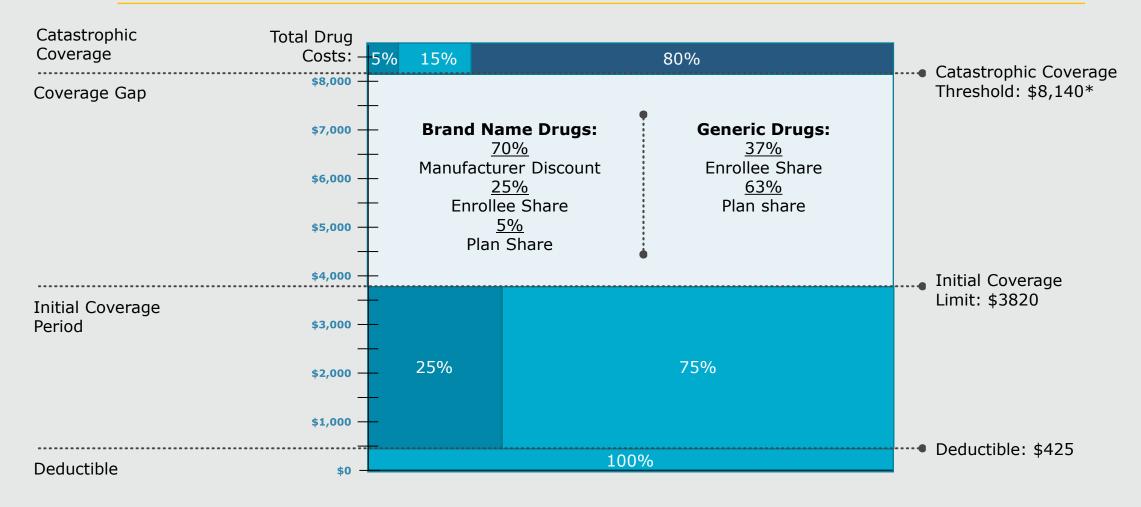
Must have Medicare Part A and/or Part B, and must live in the plans service area

- MedicareAdvantage plan that includes RX drug coverage
- Stand alonePrescription DrugPlan
- Coverage through an employer or union
- Late enrollment penalty if not enrolled when first eligible and went 63 continuous days without.
- Penalty amount is 1% of the national base beneficiary premium (\$32.74 in 2020) times the number of full uncovered months.
- If you get extra help you will not pay the late enrollment penalty



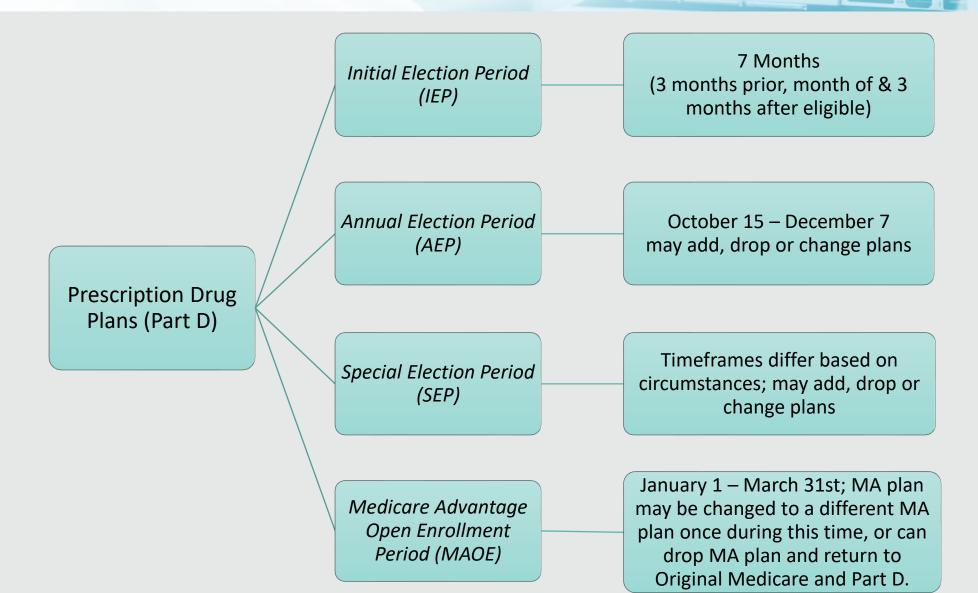
## **Part D – Components of the Basic Benefit**







## **Part D - Enrollment Periods**



## **Common Medicare Coverage**



#### **Original Medicare Plan**

Part A (Hospital)

Part B (Medicall)

Medicare provides this coverage Part B is optional

+

**Part D** 

(Prescription Drug Coverage)

+

Medicare Supplement (Medigap)

#### **Medicare Advantage Plans**

#### **Formerly called Part C**

(Combines Part A & Part B)

Medicare contracts with private insurance companies to provide this coverage.

Medicare pays a demographically based capitated rate per member per month.

#### **Plans Include:**

**HMO** 

Regional PPO Private Fee for Service

- +

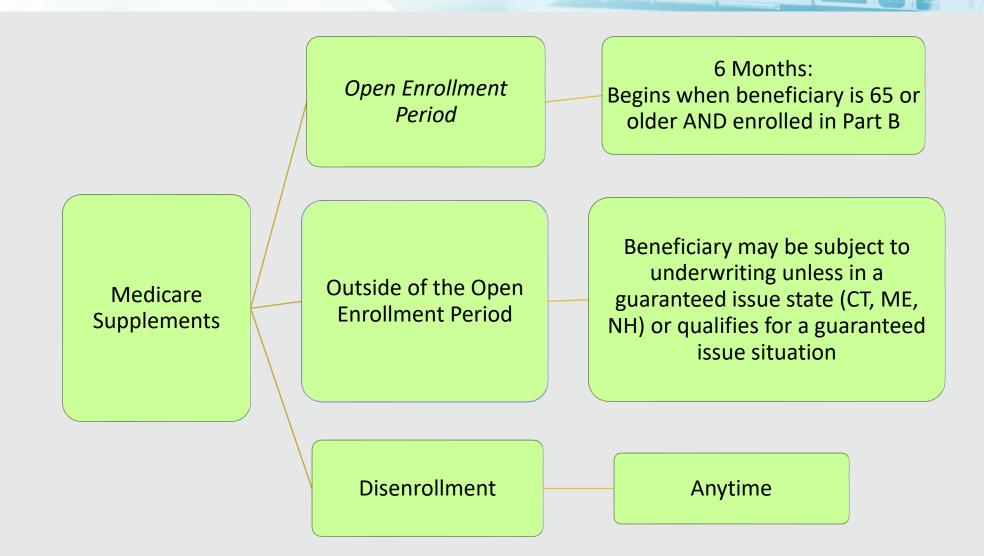
Part D

(Prescription Drug Coverage)





## **Medicare Supplement:**



## **Medicare Supplement vs Medicare Advantage Plan**

#### **Medicare Supplement**

#### **Medicare Advantage**

- Fills the gaps in Original Medicare
- No Rx coverage can be paired with Medicare
   Part D Prescription Drug coverage
- Enrollment is year-round
- Typically accepted by any provider that accepts
   Medicare assignment
- Monthly premiums typically range from \$85-\$150, but vary by plan and geography
- Premiums can be affected by age, gender, zip and smoking
- Health questions may be asked to determine eligibility
- Benefits are the same regardless of which company offers them
- Most plans do not cap out-of-pocket costs

- Replaces Original Medicare
- Often includes Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Coverage
- Enrollment is limited to open enrollment and annual election periods; or special circumstances throughout the year called Special Election Periods
- Coverage is usually network-based, like an HMO or PPO
- Premiums can be as low as \$0 per month
- Premiums are the same. Age and gender do not impact premiums, but premiums vary by country
- Guaranteed acceptance, except for those with endstage renal disease (ESRD)
- Benefits vary by company
- Out-of-pocket costs capped



## Part B and Employer or Union Coverage

Find out how the beneficiary's insurance works with Medicare

 Contact their employer/union benefits administrator

The beneficiary may want to delay enrolling in Part B if:

- They have employer or union coverage and
- → They or their spouse is still working



