

Cyclical Review: September 2020

COURSE DISCIPLINE: ADMJ

COURSE NUMBER: 101

COURSE TITLE (FULL): Introduction To The Administration Of Justice

COURSE TITLE (SHORT): Intro Admin Justice

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM C-ID: AJ 110 - Introduction to Criminal Justice

CATALOG DESCRIPTION

ADMJ 101 covers the history and philosophy of administration of justice in America, recapitulation of the system, identification of the various subsystems, role expectations, and their interrelationships, theories of crime, punishment, and rehabilitation, ethics, education, and training for professionalism in the system.

Total Lecture Units: 3.00

Total Laboratory Units: 0.00

Total Course Units: 3.00

Total Lecture Hours: 54.00

Total Laboratory Hours: 0.00

Total Laboratory Hours To Be Arranged: 0.00

Total Contact Hours: 54.00

Total Out-of-Class Hours: 108.00

Recommended Preparation: ENGL 100 or ESL 141.



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ENTRY STANDARDS

	Subject	Number	Title	Description	Include
1	ENGL	100	Writing Workshop	Read, analyze, and evaluate contemporary articles and stories to identify topic, thesis, support, transitions, conclusion, audience, and tone;	Yes
2	ENGL	100	Writing Workshop	read, analyze, and evaluate contemporary articles and stories for the comprehension of difficult content and the identification of main ideas and (topic-based) evidence;	Yes
3	ENGL	100	Writing Workshop	write a summary of a contemporary article or story with correct citation techniques;	Yes
4	ENGL	100	Writing Workshop	write compositions (e.g., summaries and argumentative essays) that are easy to read and follow, though some errors in grammar, mechanics, spelling, or diction may exist;	Yes
5	ENGL	100	Writing Workshop	proofread and edit essays for content, language, citation, and formatting problems.	Yes
6	ESL	141	Grammar And Writing IV	compose a 400 to 450-word thesis-based essay which:	
7	ESL	141	Grammar And Writing IV	a. summarizes and cites appropriately a reading passage provided as a prompt;	
8	ESL	141	Grammar And Writing IV	b. includes a clear thesis statement;	Yes
9	ESL	141	Grammar And Writing IV	c. uses evidence to support the thesis;	Yes
10	ESL	141	Grammar And Writing IV	d. shows clear organization into an introduction, body and conclusion;	Yes
11	ESL	141	Grammar And Writing IV	e. uses appropriate rhetorical modes such as comparison/contrast, cause/effect and persuasion in order to support a thesis;	Yes
12	ESL	141	Grammar And Writing IV	demonstrate control of verb tenses in active and passive voice, gerunds and infinitives, conditionals real and unreal, adjective, noun, and adverb clauses, and transitional expressions.	Yes



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EXIT STANDARDS

- 1 Summarize criminology theories used to explain crime and criminality;
- 2 summarize the history and progress of efforts to reduce the effects of racism in the criminal justice system;
- 3 recognize a sense for the importance of education, training and professionalism in the justice system;
- 4 explain the extent of the crime problem in America;
- 5 name and describe the steps in the criminal adjudication process that involve the police, the courts, and corrections.

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

- develop an awareness of the objectives of the system, the crime problem, and role expectation of criminal justice personnel
- 2 relate and demonstrate an understanding of the criminal justice system's relationship and responsibility to the community
- 3 articulate ethical dilemmas and decision making processes encountered in law enforcement and/or corrections fields.



COURSE ID 001294

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COURSE CONTENT WITH INSTRUCTIONAL HOURS

	Description	Lecture	Lab	Total Hours
	Crime: Its Nature and Impact			
	Crime defined			
	Sources of crimes			
	 Constitution Treaties Common Law Statutes Judicial ruling Administration regulations 			
1	Civil actions	6	0	6
	Amount and trends in crime			
	General comments			
	 Victims of crime Violent crime Property crime Organized crime Drug abuse "Victimless" crimes 			



COURSE ID 001294

	History of Criminal Justice Systems			
	Police Primitive background Watch and Ward - Bow Street Runners, parochial and commercial police Peel's Principles Evolution in the U.S.A.			
2	Primitive background Anglo-Saxon period American court system development Corrections Evolvement of philosophy in U.S.A. State penal institutions Federal prison system	5	0	5



	Police - Structure and Function			
	Police role			
	Problems and response External controls			
	Internal controls			
	To the Laterature			
	Typical structure			
	Examples			
	Innovations			
	Team policing			
	Police agent			
	Consolidation			
3	Function	6	0	6
	• Patrol			
	Investigation			
	Public services			
	Traffic Juvenile offenders			
	- Juverille offenders			
	Police and community			
	Goals of police organization			
	Multipurposed			
	Prevention preferable to repression			
	Power requiredPublic support and cooperation required			
	T done support and sooperation required			



4	Federal Constitution, Courts, and Regulation of Police Action Duty of the court system Review legislative enactments Provide check on executive branch Bill of rights First eight personal rights Ninth, tenth, general provisions re: division of power between state and federal Exclusionary rule Trend in cases	6	0	6
5	The American Court System: Jurisdiction, Structure and Role Hierarchy of courts and jurisdiction Court scheduling, management, organization Sentencing process The judge • Role • Power Court problems • Delays • Plea Bargaining • Equality of justice	5	0	5



	Prosecutor/District Attorney - Public Defense			
	Prosecutor • Jurisdictional level • Authority and power • Prosecutor's duties			
6	Sixth Amendment to U.S. Constitution Importance of defense attorney History of defense case law Gideon vs. Wainwright Public defense systems	5	0	5
7	The Trial Process Jury Pre-trial proceedings • Methods of release • Warrant application • Hearing and examination • Arraignment Trial proceedings Sentence Appeal	6	0	6



	The Correctional Process			
	Philosophy of corrections			
	Changes in attitudesQuestion of deterrenceRetribution vs. rehabilitationRights of convicted offenders			
	The corrections institution			
	General milieu			
	Custody and Discipline			
	Rehabilitative efforts			
8	Types of programs Effectiveness Length of detention Roles of correctional personnel Functions of probation and parole Trends in corrections Increased use of probation/parole Institutional programs Work release	5	0	5
	Work releaseImproved counselingBetter vocational trainingFamily visitation			
	Community - based programs			
	Special programs for misdemeanantsJail programsCommunity involvement, volunteers			



	Racism and Racial Profiling			
	 Definitions of racial profiling, bias, hate, prejudice, and stereotype as related to the administration of justice Wisdom Model, Modern Thinking, Post-Modern Thought Definition of racism and systemic (or institutional) racism 			
	Historical Perspective of Racism			
	 Plessy v. Ferguson – "Separate but equal" Jim Crow laws School segregation Housing covenants Civil rights efforts to eliminate racism 			
	Expectations of law enforcement by the community			
	 Social Contract Theory Law enforcement interactions with the community Racism by proxy Unconscious bias "Justice" 			
	 Outcome vs. Process Lady Justice's blindfold "No justice, no peace" Protesting vs. rioting Special issues related to people of color and the LGBTQIA community Special issues related to interactions with persons with disabilities 			
	Privilege and Perspective			
9	 Definition of privilege Community perception of privilege Law enforcement perception of privilege Impact to community relationships 	10	0	10
	Police Policies and Enforcement			



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			-	54
	Emerging Issues			
	· LIO			
	 Recruitment, selection, training EIS 			
	Identifying problem officers			
	Transparency and trust			
	Training (POST) • Citizen academies			
	Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST)			
	Law enforcement training systems			
	Community response - re-directing police funding			
	Legal procedure for funding police departments			
	i once department budgets			
	Police department budgets			
	 Criminal profiling vs. racial profiling 			
	stops			
	(Terry vs. Ohio) ∘ Community perception of probable cause			
	 Reasonable suspicion and probable cause 			
	Stop and detention			
	The requirement to comply (PC 148)			
	 Excessive and unlawful use of force bypolice Community responses - Protest vs. unrest 			
	is used			
	 Community perception/reaction when force 			
	outcomes			
	Use of force decision making and			
1	Use of force	l	l	

OUT OF CLASS ASSIGNMENTS

- 1 midterm project: utilize conclusions from scholarly research in creating informed positions on controversial issues in criminal justice;
- 2 final project: research a nonviolent criminal case in American history and write an explanatory essay;
- 3 research paper written in APA, ASA, or a generally accepted Social Science writing format (e.g. a research paper using multiple sources written in APA format on the history, purpose, and organization of police agencies).



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METHODS OF EVALUATION

- 1 quizzes;
- 2 midterm;
- 3 final examination;

METHODS OF INSTRUCTION

✓ Lecture
Laboratory
Studio
✓ Discussion
Multimedia
Tutorial
Independent Study
Collaboratory Learning
Demonstration
Field Activities (Trips)
Guest Speakers
Presentations

TEXTBOOKS

Title	Туре	Publisher	Edition	Medium	Author	IBSN	Date
Criminal Justice: A Brief Introduction	Required	Pearson Education, Inc.	13	print	Schmalleger, Frank	978013518 6268	2020
Criminal Justice: A Brief Introduction	Supplemental	Pearson Education, Inc.	13	digital	Schmalleger, Frank	978013520 9196	2020
The Color of Justice	Supplemental	Cengage Learning	6	print	Walker, Samuel	978- 133709186 2	2018