

# Glendale College

## Course Outline of Record Report

Course ID 010212  
Cyclical Review - September 2023

### ENGR240 : Electrical Engineering Fundamentals

#### General Information

Author:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Christopher Herwerth</li> </ul>
Course Code (CB01) :	ENGR240
Course Title (CB02) :	Electrical Engineering Fundamentals
Department:	ENGR
Proposal Start:	Fall 2024
TOP Code (CB03) :	(0901.00) Engineering, General (requires Calculus) (Transfer)
CIP Code:	(14.0102) Pre-Engineering.
SAM Code (CB09) :	Non-Occupational
Distance Education Approved:	Yes
Will this course be taught asynchronously?:	No
Course Control Number (CB00) :	CCC000590155
Curriculum Committee Approval Date:	09/27/2023
Board of Trustees Approval Date:	11/21/2023
Last Cyclical Review Date:	09/27/2023
Course Description and Course Note:	ENGR 240 introduces the theory and analysis of electrical circuits and is a prerequisite course for many electrical engineering transfer pathways as well as a required course for nearly all engineering disciplines, including mechanical, computer, aerospace, manufacturing engineering and some civil engineering programs. Students learn basic circuit elements such as resistors, capacitors, inductors, operational amplifiers, circuit theorems, direct and alternating current circuits, forced and natural responses of simple circuits, sinusoidal steady state analysis and the use of computer-aided circuit analysis programs.
Justification:	Mandatory Revision
Academic Career:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Credit</li> </ul>
Author:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Christopher Herwerth</li> </ul>

#### Academic Senate Discipline

Primary Discipline:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engineering</li> </ul>
Alternate Discipline:	No value
Alternate Discipline:	No value

### Course Development

**Basic Skill Status (CB08)**

Course is not a basic skills course.

Allow Students to Gain Credit by Exam/Challenge

**Course Special Class Status (CB13)**

Course is not a special class.

**Pre-Collegiate Level (CB21)**

Not applicable.

**Grading Basis**

- Grade with Pass / No-Pass Option

**Course Support Course Status (CB26)**

Course is not a support course

### Transferability & Gen. Ed. Options

**General Education Status (CB25)**

Not Applicable

**Transferability**

Transferable to both UC and CSU

**Transferability Status**

Approved

C-ID	Area	Status	Approval Date	Comparable Course
ENGR	Engineering	Approved	08/25/2014	ENGR 260 - Circuit Analysis

### Units and Hours

**Summary**

<b>Minimum Credit Units (CB07)</b>	4
<b>Maximum Credit Units (CB06)</b>	4
<b>Total Course In-Class (Contact) Hours</b>	108
<b>Total Course Out-of-Class Hours</b>	108
<b>Total Student Learning Hours</b>	216

**Credit / Non-Credit Options**

**Course Type (CB04)**

Credit - Degree Applicable

**Noncredit Course Category (CB22)**

Credit Course.

**Noncredit Special Characteristics**

No Value

**Course Classification Code (CB11)**

Credit Course.

Variable Credit Course

**Funding Agency Category (CB23)**

Not Applicable.

Cooperative Work Experience Education Status (CB10)

**Weekly Student Hours**

**Course Student Hours**

<b>In Class</b>	<b>Out of Class</b>		<b>Course Duration (Weeks)</b>	18
Lecture Hours	3	6	<b>Hours per unit divisor</b>	54
Laboratory Hours	3	0	<b>Course In-Class (Contact) Hours</b>	
Studio Hours	0	0	Lecture	54
			Laboratory	54
			Studio	0
			<b>Total</b>	108
			<b>Course Out-of-Class Hours</b>	
			Lecture	108
			Laboratory	0
			Studio	0
			<b>Total</b>	108

### Time Commitment Notes for Students

No value

### Pre-requisites, Co-requisites, Anti-requisites and Advisories

#### Prerequisite

PHY102 - Physics for Scientists and Engineers: B

##### Objectives

- Calculate the electric field and potential of a charge distribution.
- Calculate the electric force on a charged body.
- Calculate the magnetic field of a current distribution.
- Calculate the magnetic force on a current-carrying wire.
- Analyze both DC and AC circuits with resistors, capacitors, and inductors.
- Describe the operation and working principles of electromagnetic devices, such as mass spectrometers, cyclotrons, electric motors, electric generators, and transformers.

**AND**

#### Prerequisite

MATH105 - Multivariable and Vector Calculus

##### Objectives

- Apply the vector dot and cross products to determine equations of lines and planes.
- Determine differentiability and differentiate functions of two or more variables.
- Optimize functions of two or more variables, both constrained and non-constrained, including testing for saddle points.
- Calculate two and three dimensional integrals in various coordinate systems (polar, rectangular, spherical, and cylindrical).
- Apply vector field theorems (Green's, Stokes', and Divergence) to solve problems in vector analysis.

**AND**

#### Co-Requisite

MATH108 - Ordinary Differential Equations

##### Objectives

- Select the appropriate method of solution, given a list of first order differential equations.

- Solve both homogeneous and nonhomogeneous differential equations with constant coefficients of second or higher order.
- Use the Laplace transform to solve nonhomogeneous differential equations with constant coefficients and initial conditions.
- Use power series to solve differential equations with variable coefficients.
- Use eigenvalues of matrices to solve systems of linear differential equations.
- Approximate solutions to first order differential equations by using numerical methods on a computer.
- Apply the techniques of solution to applications from at least two different areas of the physical sciences.

## Entry Standards

### Entry Standards

No value

## Specifications

### Methods of Instruction

Methods of Instruction                      Lecture

Methods of Instruction                      Laboratory

Methods of Instruction                      Multimedia

Methods of Instruction                      Demonstrations

Methods of Instruction                      Discussion

Methods of Instruction                      Guest Speakers

Methods of Instruction                      Field Activities (Trips)

### Out of Class Assignments

- Assignments (e.g., set-up, organize, and solve a circuit including a circuit diagram)
- Written laboratory reports (e.g., explain the results of a step response experiment using Resistor and Inductor (RL), Resistor and Capacitor (RC), and Resistor, Inductor, and Capacitor (RLC) circuits)

- Project (e.g., design and simulate a circuit using an engineering software tool such as PSpice or MATLAB and then create the circuit using a breadboard and basic circuit elements such as resistors, inductors, and capacitors and compare)

**Methods of Evaluation**

Exam/Quiz/Test

Presentation (group or individual)

Exam/Quiz/Test

Exam/Quiz/Test

**Rationale**

Quizzes

Project and lab presentations

Midterm exams

Final examination

**Textbook Rationale**

Electric Circuit Analysis (9780471365716) is included in the C-ID Descriptor for this course.

**Textbooks**

Author	Title	Publisher	Date	ISBN
Nilsson, James W. and Riedel, Susan A.	Electric Circuits	Pearson	2023	9780137648375
Johnson, David, E., Johnson, Johnny R., Hilburn, John L., and Scott, Peter D.	Electric Circuit Analysis	Wiley	1999	9780471365716
Boylestad, Robert L. and Olivari, Brian	Laboratory Manual for Introductory Circuit Analysis	Pearson	2023	9780137283644

**Other Instructional Materials (i.e. OER, handouts)**

**Description** Circuit Design Software PSpice  
**Author** No value  
**Citation** <http://www.cadence.com/>  
**Online Resource(s)**

**Description** LTspice  
**Author** No value  
**Citation** analog.com  
**Online Resource(s)**

**Materials Fee**

No value

## Learning Outcomes and Objectives

### Course Objectives

Analyze and solve direct current circuit (DC) problems with independent and dependent sources to determine voltage, current, resistance, energy and power.

Find the complete response for first and second-order circuits to input signals modeled by wave forms that are direct current, step, window, ramp, decaying exponential, and sinusoidal.

Apply phasors and the concept of impedance to analyze circuits with sinusoidal input under steady-state conditions and to find the frequency response of linear, time in variant circuits.

Design simple first and second-order filter circuits given specifications in terms of signal measurements in decibels.

Define superposition with respect to circuit analysis.

Find the Thevenin and Norton equivalent of a given circuit.

Demonstrate nodal and loop analyses to determine current and voltage.

Select the most effective circuit analysis technique to solve a circuit.

Design circuits using operational amplifiers (op amps) and predict their behavior.

Solve differential equations applied to transient first and second order Resistance, Inductance, and Capacitance (RLC) circuits.

Calculate the energy and power in circuit elements such as resistors, inductors, and capacitors in sinusoidal steady-state circuits.

Determine the average and complex power in Alternating Current (AC) circuits.

Calculate the power factor for given electrical loads.

Analyze circuits that include one or multiple transformers.

Use impedance to determine natural and forced response of a circuit system

Use PSpice, MATLAB or other computer-aided design or simulation software for the design and analysis of elementary circuits.

## SLOs

Explain the basic concepts of direct current (DC), alternating current (AC) including circuit elements and analyze the state of a circuit at all circuit locations. Expected Outcome Performance: 70.0

Analyze and compare important and commonly used electrical engineering circuit elements, designs and configurations such as operational amplifiers, RC, RL, and RLC circuits. Expected Outcome Performance: 70.0

Use higher mathematics such as differential equations and computer aided design software like PSpice, MATLAB, or LABVIEW to formulate, analyze and design circuit behavior. Expected Outcome Performance: 70.0

Experimentally verify and communicate key concepts of electrical engineering such as Kirchhoff's Current Law (KCL), Kirchhoff's Voltage Law (KVL), Ohm's Law, series and parallel circuits, and superposition. Expected Outcome Performance: 70.0

## Additional SLO Information

**Does this proposal include revisions that might improve student attainment of course learning outcomes?**

No

**Is this proposal submitted in response to learning outcomes assessment data?**

No

**If yes was selected in either of the above questions for learning outcomes, explain and attach evidence of discussions about learning outcomes.**

No Value

### SLO Evidence

No Value

## Course Content

### Lecture Content

#### Introduction (6 hours)

- Circuit variables
- Circuit theory and electrical engineering definitions
- Units, International system of units (SI)
- Circuit analysis overview
- Basic circuit element
- Voltage and current
- Power and energy

#### Elements of an Ideal Basic Circuit (4 hours)

- Ohm's Law and resistive circuits

- Kirchoff's Laws
- Ideal circuit elements
- Voltage and current sources, resistors, inductors, capacitors

**Resistive Circuits (4 hours)**

- Resistors in series
- Resistors in parallel
- Voltage division, current division

**Methods of Analyzing Circuits (4 hours)**

- Node voltage and mesh circuit analysis
- Thevenin and Norton equivalent circuits
- Source transformation
- Maximum power transfer and maximum efficiency
- Superposition, dependent and independent sources

**Operational Amplifiers (op amp) (6 hours)**

- Op amp terminals
- Ideal model analysis of op amps
- Realistic op amp models
- Voltage gain and current limitations

**Inductance and Capacitance (4 hours)**

- Inductors
- Capacitors
- Mutual inductance

**Response of RC, RL, and RLC circuits (6 hours)**

- RC resistor and capacitor, RL resistor and Inductor, RLC Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor (using L for inductor instead of I)
- Parallel and series RLC circuits
- Natural response of RC, RL, and RLC circuits
- Step response of RC, RL, and RLC circuits
- Transient response of RLC circuits
- Complete response (sum of natural and forced response) of RLC circuits

**Sinusoidal Analysis (6 hours)**

- Sinusoidal steady state analysis
- Phasor, complex impedance, power factor
- Transformer

**Frequency Response of Alternating Current (AC) Circuits (6 hours)**

- First and Second Order AC Circuits
- Resonance

**Alternating Current (AC) Power (4 hours)**

- Power transfer
- Power factor correction

**Three Phase Power (4 hours)**

- Single-phase three wire systems
- Three-phase systems
- Single-phase vs. three-phase power delivery and efficiency

**Total Lecture Hours 54****Laboratory/Studio Content****Introduction (3 hours)**

- Laboratory safety
- Units
- Measurement and testing equipment
- Engineering team dynamics, inclusive work environment, and group effectiveness
- Conducting lab experiments with rotating leadership roles so that each student is involved

**Virtual Circuit Analysis (3 hours)**

- Computer simulation of circuits
- Software



**Circuit Design and Construction (3 hours)**

- Breadboard
- Wiring and element connection

**Circuit Measurement (3 hours)**

- Measurement tools
- Accuracy and precision
- Uncertainty in measurements
- Measuring resistance, voltage, current, and power

**Circuit Schematics (3 hours)**

- Reading schematics
- Compare real circuits

**Verify Electrical Circuit Concepts (6 hours)**

- Ohm's Law
- Voltage and current division
- Kirchhoff Current and Voltage Laws (KCV and KVL)
- Power dissipation
- Series and parallel circuits
- Equivalent circuits
- Thevenin and Norton equivalent circuits
- Superposition

**Operational Amplifier (op amp) Circuits (6 hours)**

- Ideal and practical limits
- Input and output of op amps
- Simulated and real op amps
- Application of op amps

**Step Response of RL, RC, and RLC Circuits (6 hours)**

- Graphical displays
- Calculations

**Frequency Response of RL, RC, and RLC Circuits (6 hours)**

- Resonance

**Transformers and Power Supplies (3 hours)**

- Safety with transformers and power suppliers

**Electronic Filters (3 hours)**

- Ideal filter

**Bipolar Transistors and Amplifiers (3 hours)**

- Testing output

**MOSFET (3 hours)**

- Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor (MOSFET)
- Aspects of MOSFET
- Applications

**Troubleshooting Circuits (3 hours)**

- Testing circuits
- Troubleshooting and repair of basic circuits

**Total Laboratory Hours 54**